ial rule will be framed which will motion to a vote after several ebate. Both sides are using their utmost endeavors to get every ab-sentee to Washington. The opposition will make the first fight on the adoption of the rule, but the Republicans who are candence in their ability to put through the programme agreed on at the Republican aucus on Thursday by a larger majority than was secured for the original bill.

The Republican caucus committee on order of business of the Senate held a session to-day, but when it adjourned the members declared that nothing had been definitely decided on beyond a steady effort to secure final disposition of the measures now receiving the attention of the Senate. These are the Quay case, the Philippine bill, the Alaskan code bill and the appropriation bills. They estimate that the disposal of these bills will require two or three weeks' time and say that there will yet be plenty of time to decide what measures to take up next.

While no definite final decision was reached on other measures it is understood of the entire field of legislation. The shipping bill received more or less attention, the result being a tentative decision to bring it up before final adjournment if there should appear a probability of getting it acted upon without too great delay. It is understood, however, that the Democrats will make stubborn resistance to the passage of this bill, and fear is felt that an effort to pass it will extend the session beyond the time when the Republican leaders hope to be able to adjourn finally. They are quite determined to close the session during the first half of June and on this account may have to temporarily sacrifice several measures which are very zealously championed by individual

No formal action was taken upon the treatles before the Senate, but it is understood that no pending conventions will be pressed to a vote during the present session. These include the Hay-Pauncefote treaty and the French and other reciprocity treaties. Senator Davis, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, said early in the day that he would not again during the session ask the Senate to consider the isthmian treaty, and it is understood that this determination on his part has the sanction of the committee on or-

The agricultural appropriation bill, reported to the House to-day, carries \$4,116,-(one biologist and one botanist) have been allowed. (An additional allowance of \$40,000 for seed distribution is granted on the petition of 225 members of the House; \$60,000 is appropriated for iron warning towers for the weather bureau in place of the present wooden structures; \$38,000 for an animal quarantine station at New York; \$47,000 additional for meat inspection and \$200,000 for a laboratory building in Washington.

To-day's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the \$150,000,000 gold in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balances, \$157,-719,710; gold, \$95,937,548.

The Methodist ministers and laymen, with their wives and families, who are in attendance at the Baltimore conferences, North and South, were received at the White House to-day by President Mc-Kinley. All parlors and the conservatory were thrown open to the visitors and between 4 and 5 o'clock more than 700 guests were received. The President stood in the John Codman, Noted Advocate of Free blue room and was assisted in receiving by Bishop Candler, of Georgia, who is presiding over the conference of the church south, and Dr. Duffy, Dr. Hyde and Dr. Frank M. Bristol, of the Metropolitan Church, the President's pastor. The Marine Band furnished music during the progress of the reception.

Representative McClellan, of New York. to-day introduced a resolution calling upon the secretary of war for information as to whether any allens have been commissioned as officers in the army since the close of the

By a general order just issued the War Department has bestowed the names of distinguished American soldiers upon large number of new batteries and sites selected for coast defense points under the plans of the fortifications board. The order recites the military achievements in are so bestowed. * * *

The amount of bonds so far exchanged for the new 2 per cents is \$223.817,415, of which \$28,166,750 came from individuals and institutions other than national banks.

COLD-BLOODED MURDER

Young Man Stands Over a Girl and Fires Bullets Into Her Body.

WAVERLY, N. Y., April 7 .- Kate Tobin, twenty years of age, was shot and instantly killed on the street near her home in this city to-night by Fred Krist, a young married man. Krist is about thirty years of age and had been seperated from his a couple of years. For some months he had been attentive to Miss Tobin, although his acquaintance was bitterly Miss Tebin from a hotel window that commanded a view of her home. Shortly after he took his position he saw her leave the house, accompanied by her sister. He immediately left the hotel, walked up to the pair, and, grasping Miss Tobin by the wrist, held her for a moment while he fired a bullet through her head. Miss Tobin dropped to the ground and died immediately. Standing over her, Krist fired three more shots at her body. He then surrendered to the police. Krist says that he intended to kill the girl and both of her sisters, and does not know why he did not

MAY WEAR SPRING FINERY.

Weather Man Promises a Fair Sunday, but Rain To-Morrow.

WASHINGTON, April 7 .- Forecast for

Sunday and Monday: For Ohio and Indiana-Fair on Sunday;

showers on Monday; fresh northerly shifting to easterly winds. For Illinois-Fair on Sunday; showers

Sunday night and Monday; colder on Monday; brisk easterly winds.

Local Observations on Saturday. Bar, Ther. R.H. Wind, Weather, Pre. 7 a. m. 20.80 54 54 West. Clear. 7 p. m. 29.80 72 61 N'west. Clear.

Maximum temperature, 77; minimum tem-Following is a comparative statement of the temperature and precipitation April 7: Normal Mean

Departure from normal Departure since April 1 -09 -.7 Departure since Jan. 1-174 -3.71 C. F. R. WAPPENHANS, Local Forecast Official.

Yesterday's Temperatures.

Cairo, Ill 48 Chevenne, Wyo 32 Cincinnati, O 54 Concordia, Kan 5 Davenport, Ia 44 Cansas City, Mo 56 Little Rock, Ark 52 Memphis, Tenn 58 Nashville, Tenn 44 North Platte, Neb 42 Oklahoma, O. T 5 Omaha, Neb 50 Pittsburg, Pa 54
Rapid City, S. D 40 alt Lake City, Utah Louis Mo gfield, Mo

SUSPECTED DYNAMITERS

C. J. FIGGE, OF CINCINNATI, AND DR BRAXTEN, BEDFORD, ARRESTED.

Both Thought to Have Been Concerned in the Attempt to Kill C. E. Cox, the Republican Leader.

CINCINNATI, O., April 7.-Charles J Figge and Dr. R. R. Braxten were arrested to-day charged with sending or placing an infernal machine last Sunday night at the residence of George B. Cox, the Republican leader of Hamilton county. Figge has failed in business and is believed to have become demented from remorse. He had been discharged as a clerk of the city board of administration and was desperate in his abuse of Mr. Cox, whom he blamed that there was considerable discussion for his discharge. He had frequently threatened the life of Cox and other Republican leaders and his letters to these leaders were produced to-day by the detectives. An inquest of lunacy will be first held on Figge. Figge talks like a madman in threatening yet to kill Cox, August Herrmann, Chief Deitsch and others. Cox. Herrmann and Deitsch identified Figge as the man who has threatened them per-

The other suspect is Dr. R. R. Braxten, of Bedford, Ind. When arrested at his hotel he drew his revolver and resisted the officers till he was floored. After the bomb was found on Cox's portico last Monday, Braxten posed at police headquarters as an expert in mine explosives and explained the infernal machine to the officers. He has been closely shadowed day and night ever since and the officers claim now to have other charges against him. The officers found in Braxten's room what they call another infernal machine. Dr. Braxten says it is a patent device for starting morning fires by attachment with an alarm clock. The officers insist that it is an infernal machine that could be exploded with its 400, being \$390,778 more than the law for the | chord at a great distance. Braxten had current year. Two additional scientists over a hundred cartridges for his revolver. Braxten's case will surely be presented to the grand jury next week.

Well Connected at Bedford.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BEDFORD, Ind., April 7.-Dr. R. J Braxten is a leading Bedford dentist, married man with a family, and about twenty-nine years old. He was operated on in a Cincinnati hospital about five weeks ago for rectal trouble, and has no recovered sufficiently to return home. He is connected with several prominent Bedford families, the Raridans and Thorntons and the Braxtens of Orange county. connected with the Cox affair his mind i deranged by his disease. It is impossible to find Mr. Braxten's brother to-night, so nothing concerning what his people may be informed can be learned at this time.

OBITUARY.

Trade and Free Ships.

BOSTON, April 7.-Capt. John Codman the famous advocate of free ships and free trade, is dead.

John Codman was born in Dorchester Mass., Oct. 16, 1814. He left Amherst College in his junior year, 1833, and finished his education on the sea, becoming a captain in the merchant marine. He was known as an advocate of free ships and free trade, and wrote for many periodicals. Among his publications are "Sailors' Life and Sailors' Yarns;" "Ten Months in Brazil, with Notes on the Paraguayan War:" "Review of the Report of the Special Committee on Navigation Interests;" "The Mormon Coun-Summer with the Latter-day "Free Ships-Restoration of the American Carrying Trade;" "Round Trip, brief of each of the persons whose names by way of Panama, through California, Oregon, Nevada, Utah, Idaho and Colo-"A Solution of the Mormon Prob-"Winter Sketches from the Saddle by a Septuagenarian," and a "Biographical Sketch of William Wheelwright, of

Newburyport, Mass.' Mr. Codman's mind remained clear to the last. He recently wrote an article in favor of free ships. At the time of the jubilee celebration, in June, 1897, of the sixtieth anniversary of the coronation of Queen victoria, he wrote his recollection of the scenes in Piccadilly on coronation day in 1837, when he sat on the wall of the Duke of Devonshire's palace and saw the young Victoria as she proceeded to Westminster. At that time he was second mate of the ship Globe, of Philadelphia.

David H. Sweetser.

NEW YORK, April 7 .- David H. Sweetser, sixty-six years old, president of the First National Bank, of Lynn, Mass., died on his way to Bellevue Hospital to-night, presumably of heart disease. Mr. Sweetser opposed by the girl's family. He seemed and his wife and daughter were passengers madly infatuated with the girl. Krist to- on the American liner St. Louis, which arnight drank heavily and then watched for rived here from Liverpool to-night. After leaving the steamer the family entered a cab to be driven to the Grand Central station, where the midnight train was to be taken to Boston. On the way to the station Mr. Sweetser was taken ill, and his wife ordered the cab driver to go to the residence of a physician. The sick man was helped into the physician's office, but was immediately ordered back into the cab by the physician, and orders given to drive to Bellevue Hospital. The driver whipped up his horse, and in

a few minutes had arrived at the hospital. When the man was about to be carried into the reception room it was found he had shoot at the sister of the dead girl who | died. The body was taken to the morgue.

Charles Hodgman.

ST. LOUIS, April 7.-Charles Hodgman, a well-known broker and financier, died at his home here to-day of pneumonia. Mr. Hodgman was a member of the firm of Whittaker & Hodgman, bond and stock the St. Louis Stock Exchange. He was considered one of the brightest young financiers in the country and had a large acquaintance in all the large cities of the

Frederick E. Church, Artist. NEW YORK, April 7.-Frederick E Church, the celebrated scenic painter, died here to-day. The interment will be in the family plot at Hartford, Conn.

Frederick Edwin Church was born Hartford May 4, 1826. He was a pupil of Thomas Cole, and later established his studio in New York; was made academician of the National Academy of Design in 1849. His "Great Fall of Niagara," now in the Corcoran gallery at Washington, received a medal at the Paris exposition of

Stephen Crane May Recover. LONDON, April 7 .- After a medical consultation, held yesterday evening, the physicians were hopeful of the recovery of Stephen Crane, the novelist, who has been ill for some time.

A Young Booth's Name Changed. NEW YORK, April 7.-In the Circuit Court at Newark, N. J., the application was granted permitting William Booth the twelve-year-old son of General and Mrs. Ballington Booth, to change his name to Charles Brandon Booth. The petition claims that the change was asked because Mrs. Booth Tucker has named her son William Booth and for the petitioner to have the same name would be a serious erty to him.

Mining Charter Canceled.

TORONTO, Ont., April 7.—The government of Ontario has canceled the charte of the Vermillion Mining Company, of Ontario, a company owning about 3,000 acres of the richest nickel and copper land in the Sudbury district. The stock of the

Vermillion company belonged almost wholly to the Canadian Copper Company, which is an Ohio corporation. The property reverts to the crown. This is the first action of this kind ever taken by the Cana-

PAUILLAC WAS UNSEAWORTHY.

dian government.

Allegation in a Sailar's Letter Published at Nantes, France.

NANTES, France, April 8 .- Le Phare de la Loire publishes a letter purporting to have been written by a sailor at the time of the departure from New York of the missing French line steamer Pauillac. The letter alleges that the vessel was overloaded and that the crew refused to go aboard for that reason. The captain had to resort to force in order to get the men aboard. The letter also alleges that the ship's engines were out of repair. The paper demands an inquiry.

The French line steamer Pauillac, Captain Gicquel, sailed from New York for Havre Feb. 5 last. She has been missing

Movements of Steamers.

NEW YORK, April 7.-Arrived: Cruiser Prairie and L'Aquitaine, from Havre; St. Louis, from Southampton, etc.; Etruria, from Liverpool. Sailed: Manitou, for London; Rotterdam, for Rotterdam, via Boulogne: Ems. for Naples, etc.; Phoenicia, for Hamburg, via Cherbourg; Lucania, for Liverpool; Ethlopia, for Glasgow.

HONG-KONG, April 7.-Arrived: City of Peking, from San Francisco; America Maru, from San Francisco, via Honolulu and Yokohama; Energia, from Tacoma, via Hiogo, etc; Tosa Maru, from Seattle, via CHERBOURG, April 6.-Sailed: New

York, from Southampton for New York;

Waesland, for Philadelphia; Campania, for SOUTHAMPTON, April 7 .- Sailed: New York, for New York, via Cherbourg. BREMEN, April 7.-Sailed: Bremen, for New York, via Southampton. PHILADELPHIA, April 7. - Arrived Pennland, from Liverpool.

GENOA, April 5.-Sailed: Kaiser Wilhelm II, for New York. ANTWERP, April 7 .- Sailed: Kensington, for New York. HAVRE, April 7 .- Sailed: La Gascogne,

LED BY A WOMAN.

Party of Cowboys in Pursuit of Murderous Apaches.

TUCSON, A. T., April 7 .- A detachment of cavalry, from Fort Grant, is in pursuit of a band of Indians, and a young ranch woman is leading a body of cowboys. One white man has already been shot by the Indians and there is an unconfirmed report that others have been killed. The news was brought to Willcox to-day by dians is J. D. Mack, a mining man, who was shot, last night, in Pinery canyon, just outside of the Apache reservation. He was left for dead and his camp was plunof Miss Hoda Riggs, four miles away. There were only three Indians in the party that attacked him, but others were near, he says. Miss Riggs mounted a fleet horse and rode at once to Fort Grant, where she notified the army officers. A detachment of troops was sent at once to the scene of the shooting, guided by the girl, who rode with the soldiers as far as her ranch. There she organized a band of cowboys, and, herself assuming command, the of the Indians and followed it into the mountains.

LOST 591 MEN.

(CONCLUDED FROM FIRST PAGE.) captured near Thaba Nchu but made his escape. He wandered about for two days, finally reaching the camp of the Twelfth Lancers in a weak state. He says the Boers are determined, but they realize their eventual defeat is inevitable.

Transport Disabled.

transport Bayarian has arrived here with 2,300 troops. During her passage she spoke the British transport Mount Lebanon, bound for this port, in a disabled condition. The Mount Lebanon, however, said her repairs could be effected at sea.

Queen Condoles with Mrs. Joubert. THE HAGUE, April 7 .- Queen Wilhelmina has sent a personal letter of sympathy to General Joubert's widow.

REVISES HIS OPINION.

Are the Best of Fighters.

(Copyright, 1900, by the Associated Press.) table. At this the members of the Cabinet dine every evening when the houses are in session. No private member would ministers there discuss the plans and prospects of the night or go over speeches delivered or to be delivered. Owing to the absentees in Ireland only a small group of Cabinet ministers gathered there on Thursday evening, when some random war talk took place. The first lord of the admiralty, George J. Goschen, twitted the secretary of state for the colonies. Joseph Chamberlain, pleasantly on the length of the war.

Mr. Chamberlain made a good humored reply and is then reported to have said seriously: "I think we are dealing with better fighters, as individuals, than any regular soldiers of the continent. The Boers seem to me to have both caution

Superlatives have been almost eliminated from the war comments, and, with the disappearance of possible foreign complicabrokers, and was one of the organizers of | tions the editors and public speakers take quite a moderate tone. The depressing in cidents of the week have caused English men to resign themselves to a long struggle. The disposition to find fault with the War Office for not having anticipated the necessity for the enormous number of horses seems unjustified, for it is learned that before the dash on Kimberley and the destruction of horsefiesh caused by the surrounding of General Cronje the War Office wired to its agents all over the world, particularly in North and South America, giving them unconditional power to buy horses unlimitedly until further orders. The conditions in the way of assembling and transporting the animals were such, however, that horses bought a month ago can hardly reach Lord Rob erts before June. Nothing more was heard this week of the movement initiated by the ministerial members of the House of Commons to

> bankers are transmitting gold, or its equivalent, reguarly to the Transvaal in paying checks of British officers who are held prisoners, and the Standard Bank of Pretoria honors all such checks. Therefore, as no limit is placed on the luxuries bought by the prisoners, they live in much comfort. In fact, their messes are probably much better provided than are those of the officers at Bloemfontein. Some of the captives have been there four of a remedy she must regard as a humbug. months and have a regular service, via It will be interesting to see whether the Hamburg and Lourenzo Marques, which brings them good things to eat, smoke, for this reason, he relinquished to the sisdrink and wear. The British officers box. fence and play various games, including billiards, an old table having been bought

petition the government to proclaim the

in Pretoria. detriment and might result in loss of prop- Gen. J. W. Noble Ordered to Florida ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 7.—Gen. John W. Noble, secretary of the interior under Florida by his physician. He is said to be threatened with pneumonia, and is suffering with throat trouble, as the result of a

ag & McMurray, Tailors, & N. Penn. st. as hard worked as they ever were. Yet it one case of this kind a farmer sent from

PARENTS OF JEAN BAPTISTE SIPIDO ASK FOR MERCY.

Beseech Her Majesty to Pardon the Young Anarchist for Attempting to Kill Prince of Wales.

BRUSSELS, April &.- The parents of Jean Baptiste Sipido, who made the attempt on the life of the Prince of Wales, have addressed the following petition to Queen Victoria:

"Your Majesty-Two unhappy parents

wish to tell you their despair and implore your pity. It is a father and a mother who beseech your Majesty to par-don an unfortunate son for an attempt whereof he has been guilty. "We are poor, even indigent, but we are honest. Neither of us has ever failed in our duty. Our child who has committed this fearful crime is an innocent lad, acted on by evil incitements. They have taken advantage of his inexperience, but he understands now the character of his act and

"We have nine children, all still little, and all come to you with the same prayer and the same supplication. For to your gracious kindness they look for help. "Our child is in prison. The idea of it is too horrible. Have pity on us. Have pity on him. His crime was hateful, but he is our child. His heart is good and reproves his act. It seems to us impossible that he can be confounded with criminal

weeps with us and implores pardon, Oh,

"At your knee we pray you to intercede in his favor. He is only fifteen, and was a most respectful, submissive, loving boy, Columbia, from Hamburg for New York; with a heart of gold, knowing nothing, a boy whom they have wickedly deceived by odious lies, inducing him to fire at your most esteemed son, his royal Highness, the Prince of Wales. "Great, noble Queen, deign to cast a look of pity on our misery and our life will be but one outpouring of gratitude and respect to your most august merciful Maj-

> A petition in much the same terms was sent to the Prince of Wales. The man Meart, who sold Jean Baptiste Sipido the revolver with which he attempted the life of the Prince, had an examination to-day, at the conclusion of which he was sent to prison as an accomplice of

> > WHY H. R. H. IS ADMIRED.

His Coolness in Time of Peril and His

Good-Fellowship Pleases Britons. (Copyright, 1900, by the Associated Press.) LONDON, April 7.-The scatter-brained youth and his 3-franc pistol gave England a thrill that has not yet been quite effaced by the instant knowledge that the Prince of Wales was unharmed. This was the first time the prince has been attacked, though messenger. The known victim of the In- the assassination of the Queen has been attempted five times-by Oxford in 1840, by Francis in 1842, by Bean in the same year, by Hamilton in 1849, and by McLean, at Windsor, in 1882. The life of no monarch Gered. Mack dragged himself to the ranch in Europe has been in danger so many times as that of Queen Victoria, though, with the exception of Emperor William, the hereditary ruler of every principal country has had at least one experience with an assassin. The Prince of Wales's cool and gentle

demeanor when he emerged from the smoke of the gunpowder and requested those who had laid hands upon Sipido not party took the trail. The troopers went to to treat him harshly is admired immense-Mack's camp and there caught the trail ly. In perfect composure the Prince returned to his car and sat down to a game of "nap" with the gentlemen attending him. He displayed similar impassiveness in the south of France at the time of the terrible earthquake several years ago. He was asleep when the shock was first felt, but was awakened at once and warned to escape, but he refused to be deprived of his rest by so trivial a thing as an earthquake. It is for such British qualities as these that the Prince is admired, as well as for his uniform good-fellowship in social life. The attempt upon the prince has CAPE TOWN, April 7.-The British placed in still clearer relief Ireland's chivalrous reception of the Queen.

DUE TO CONTINENTAL PRESS.

London Times's View of the Attack

on the Prince of Wales. (Copyright, 1900, by the Associated Press.) LONDON, April 7.- There is no disposition here make overmuch of the attack it is also of life in New York. made on the Prince of Wales by Sipido, the Anarchist lad, at Brussels, Wednesday, while his royal highness was on his way to Copenhagen; but the British see in it Chamberlain Now Thinks the Boers the direct consequence of the continental press attacks on Great Britain in connection with the war. Thus, the London LONDON, April 7 .- In one of three Par- | Times says: "The suppression of notorious liament house dining rooms is a long, oval facts, the propagation of glaring falsehoods and truculent abusiveness operating on weak minds are almost certain, sooner or later, to have an issue in actions from think of taking a seat at this table. The shrink with horror." The Times holds the curious one, changing every day with ka-German press especially responsible for the personal scurrilities directed against the Prince of Wales, referring to the Kladderadatsch, which is not a Socialist sheet, but I its surface, and by means of a glass and which ranks up toward London Punch. Such alleged scurrilities as the Kladderadatsch prints are systematic, yet the Times avers that the German press is controlled, guided, cajoled or coerced by the government and that the German law of lese majeste is the most stringent in

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE IN BOSTON.

Curious Idea Concerning "Gold Cure" Keeley's Fortune.

Last November a thrill of pleasurable and excited interest ran through the influential group of Christian scientists in Boston when Dr. Leslie E. Keeley, the "goldcure" man, appeared at a Christian Science meeting in this city and seemed to show some signs of being "under conviction." Of course Dr. Keeley's cure for drunkenness was regarded by all Christian Scientists as an arrant humbug; or cather they believed that all the cures which were attributed to it were really wrought by Christian science, or the patient's full belief that they were going to be cured. If Dr. Keeley had been converted to Christian Science he would of course have had to abondon his gold cure and shut up all his "Keeley cures." This would have been quite a sensational matter, in view of the importance which the Keeley treatment had attained; and Christian scientists everywhere must have regarded this as a great triumph. But though Dr. Keeley undoubtedly showed much interest in the Boston meetings, he did not accept the doctrine, at least formally, and it is under-stood that he attributed his presence at the meetings to the fact that his wife is an earnest Christain scientist. At any rate, Dr. Keeley afterward went Orange Free State annexed to the British | to California, and lately, quite contrary to the principles of Christian science, died. And now, as I am informed by a Christian Scientist, an interesting question has arisen. Save for a sister, Mrs. Keeley is the only heir to the sum of \$1,000,000, which Dr. Keeley has left behind him. A fellowmember, with Mrs. Keeley, of the "Mother Church" of Christian Science in Boston, has expressed to me a doubt whether the widow can conscientiously accept a legacy

It is now about eighteen years since Christian Science gained its first firm footold in Boston. In 1884 it was more talked | ties. It was sent here, the tiny bits sorted about-I shall not say that it had more devotees-than in 1900. I have not heard. however, that it has had any effect whatever in reducing the death rate, as the con-Noble, secretary of the interior under struction of the great intercepting sewer President Harrison, has been ordered to and the metropolitan system of sewerage certainly did have. Nor has it had the effect to reduce the proportion of medical practitioners to the population, nor the number of students in the medical schools. o far as any one can see, the doctors are

of \$1,000,000 gained through the dispensing

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is undeniable that the number of women who profess the Christian Science doctrine, and who declare that since they professed it they have had no illness, is immense This is one of the curious anomalies of life in Boston-as, for that matter, I suppose

CASH FOR BITS OF MONEY. Skillful Work in the Redemption Bu-

reau of the Treasury. Washington Letter in New York Tribune. One of the most interesting departments in the United States treasury is that devoted to the redemption of mutilated currency. To it are sent all varieties of bills, in every conceivable stage of mutilation. It is seldom that the experts cannot decipher the burned crisps or piece together which, to do the writers justice, they would | the myriad fragments. The collection is a

The burning of a note usually brings out

leidoscopic rapidity.

its design in a sort of metallic relief upon other implements and also a full and complete knowledge of the intricate designsno two denominations being alike-on every note issued their face value is learned with incredible dexterity. Some arrive in fairly good condition, some shrunken and watersoaked, others scorched black and twisted out of shape; many are merely thin, tiny black flakes, and in one case, now under consideration, the evidence consists of a small handful of black powder. which the affiant swears was \$65, accidentthe tiniest of pieces attesting the evil ways \$1,000 for false swearing. of the rodent; babies are another source of trouble, maniacs, victims of drunken frenzy, ploughshares, sawmills-in fact, the strangest and most unheard-of accidents are occurring all the time. But in a great majority of cases the money has been burned, for a common practice among people who are their own bankers seems to be the keeping of their funds in unused stoves. A cold day comes, the fire is lighted by some unsuspecting person who "didn't know it was loaded," and the owner suddenly finds that he had money to burn in spite of himself.

In one instance a man having \$7,000 in government bonds, besides notes and gold, kept them in a tomato can, which he placed in the elbow of his parlor stove. While he was plowing his fields company arrived, his wife had a fire kindled, and shortly he made the unpleasant discovery that his riches had taken wings. Had he sent the money just as it came from the stove, wrapped in cotton, it might have been saved, but in endeavoring to separate it it became so churned and ground up that the department was able to identify only about \$2,000 for him. An old woman who had accumulated about \$600 was one night at her devotions. when the candle in some mysterious manner was overturned in the midst of the

money. Now, history does not relate why it was there, or whether she was returning thanks or paying a bit of homage to Mammon, but, at any rate, it was destroyed. and as she threw the ashes away and at the instigation of her friends picked them out again there was only enough left to return about \$100 to her. But much more fortunate were an old tracted, she took it to the bank, reporting that the last time she had counted it the sum had been \$275, mostly in tens and twen-

and arranged as only experts can arrange them, and the necessary three-fifths of every note was found. But the best of all was that, instead of \$275, it was discovered that the old people's savings amounted to \$350, which amount was finally sent to them, of course, the greatest precaution is necessary, and the affidavits must leave no

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Kansas some greenbacks, amounting to \$50, only half of each note being intact. The rest, he declared in a strong affidavit, had been destroyed, and also stated in what manner. But on consulting the books it was found that one-half the sum had already been paid to another person, who had sent the other halves of the notes from another part of the country. Consequently but \$25 was returned to him. Thereupon the cashier who had transacted the business for the farmer wrote such an indignant letter, saying the government had impugned the honesty of the claimant and that he would prove him in the right, that the affair was put into ally blown into the fire. Often the mis- the hands of the Secret Service, the proofs chief has been done by mice, handfuls of exhibited, and the imprudent farmer fined

Forced to Reform.

Philadelphia Record.

"I fear that cigarettes have at last weakened my mind," said a cigarette smoker. "Why do I feel so? Because I am now beginning to believe the stories about cigarette fiends, cigarette murderers, degenerates and thieves, and in terror I am going to give the habit up, after all these years. The Weather Bureau at Washington holds, I see, that it would rather have working for it a man who drank a quart of whisky a day than one who smoked cigarettes. New York State is legislating to do away altogether with the sale of cigarettes in its ter-ritory. It's impossible to pick up anywhere a newspaper that doesn't contain a story of the lover who, cynically puffing on a cigar-ette, shot his sweetheart for no cause; or of the bank clerk with cigarette-stained fingers who robbed the safe in order to obtain money to spend on actresses. And so on and on and on. I used to sneer at these stories, but now, who knows but that they may be true? They're not true, really, but to my weakened, illogical, cigarettewrecked mind they seem so, and lest I, too, fall, I am going to forsake cigarettes for a

A Golf Record Broken.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 7 .- Harry ardon, in the afternoon match with the Yale golf cracks, broke the record for the 18-hole course over the links of the New Haven Golf Club. He did the course in 74, one less than the record which John Reid, Yale's former golf team captain, did couple in the West. The man had been a it in two years ago. This afternoon Var-soldier, and by the long accumulation of don played Charles Hitchcock, jr., and vears they had saved a little sum, when E. M. Byers, members of the Yale golf one day the wife, in going to look at it, found that the mice had left only a pile of carefully sawed fragments. Almost disance and the evenness of execution that Vardon showed. Vardon was brilliant, driving the ball for remarkably long drives, and received many cheers from the big company of spectators. The score for afternoon was: Vardon, out, 4, 4, 3, 5, 3, 5, 4, 3, 5, 3, 4, 4, 3, 4-35 Hitchcock, out, 4, 4, 5, 8, In, 6, 4, 3, 6, 4, 5, 5, 3, 5-41

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